ASCA ETHICAL STANDARDS FOR SCHOOL COUNSELORS 2022

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Learning Objectives

- Explain the process for updating the ASCA Ethical Standards for School Counselors
- Summarize the updates and changes to the ASCA Ethical Standards
- Explain how these updates affect your school counseling program

THE PROCESS



- All 50 states and Guam identified a state liaison (September 2021)
- States worked together in groups, led by a captain (a member of the ethics committee)
- Between October January, states worked on their assigned section, and met regularly with other states and their captain to process and discuss
- In January, all the recommended changes were sent to the Ethics Committee and ASCA Staff (all the changes were collapsed into one document)

THE PROCESS, CONT...

- The Ethics Committee met 2-4 times a week for 4 weeks, until February 10, 2022

 - smoothed transitions, reduced redundancy, met with DEI and Position Statement Committees
- DEI and Position Statement Committees added additional changes
- Public comment for a month
- Committee met and incorporated public comment











GENERAL OVERVIEW

- Changes in wording (action oriented, more inclusive, emphasis on safe school environment, ensuring equity, ASCA Model language)
- Some standards expanded
- Some standards made more concise
- Order of some standards changed for better flow
- Two standards eliminated
 - the previous A.2.h
 - the previous D.k
- 34 new standards were added

PREAMBLE AND PURPOSE

- Preamble changes
 - New wording
 - School counselors have unique qualifications and skills to implement a comprehensive school counseling program that addresses pre-K-12 students' academic, career and social/emotional development needs.
 - Language updates
 - A physically and emotionally safe, inclusive, healthy school environment...
 - Equitable access to:
 - school counseling program that promotes academic, career, and social/emotional development
 - school counselors that support students from all backgrounds...

SECTION A - OVERVIEW

- Greater emphasis on equity, creating and sustaining safe and inclusive environments where all students can thrive
- Awareness of personal biases and appropriate training relevant to providing culturally sustaining practice
- Language changes: Intention to increase person-first language and decrease deficit language
- Lessons from COVID (A.2.p, A.15.a, A.15.i, A.16.g)
- Former A.5 Dual Relationships and Managing Boundaries section and A.11 Bullying, Harassment, and Child Abuse section have had an overhaul

SECTION A

- A.1.b Foster and affirm all students and their identity and psychosocial development (new).
- A.2.p Advocate for physical and virtual workspaces that are arranged to protect the confidentiality of students' communications and records (new).
- A.3 Comprehensive School Counseling Program new order of standards
- **A.4**
 - two new standards (e, f)
 - e. Address their personal biases related to students' postsecondary choices.
 - f. Address any inequitable systemic policies and practices related to students' postsecondary choices.

SECTION A - CONTINUED

- A.5 Sustaining Healthy Relationships and Managing Boundaries
 - updated language throughout
 - four new standards (a, b, g, j)
 - acknowledges that some relationships extend beyond the school day/building (a and b)
 - conflict of interest through self-promotion (j)
- A.7 Group Work
 - three new standards (a, b, g)
 - culturally sustaining group counseling services
 - equitable access to participation/remove obstacles
 - topic selection
- A.8 Student Peer-Support Program
 - three new standards (a, d, e)
 - equitable access and representation
 - share goals with stakeholders

A.9 SERIOUS AND FORESEEABLE HARM TO SELF & OTHERS

IMPORTANT NEW LANGUAGE

b. recognize the level of suicide risk (e.g., low, medium, high) is difficult to accurately quantify. If required to use a risk assessment, it must be completed with the realization that it is an informationgathering tool and only one element in the risk-assessment process. When reporting risk-assessment results to parents/guardians, school counselors do not negate the risk of students' potential harm to self even if the assessment reveals a low risk, as students may minimize risk to avoid further scrutiny and/or parental/guardian notification. The purpose of reporting any risk-assessment results to parents/guardians is to underscore the need for parents/guardians to act, not to report a judgment of risk.

SECTION A - CONTINUED

- A.9.d Provide culturally responsive mental health resources to parents/guardians (new).
- A. 10 Marginalized Populations (new section title)
 - two new standards (g, h)
 - establish safe, equitable, affirming school environment
 - systemic change
 - equitable access and inclusion
- A. 11 Bullying, Harassment, Discrimination, Bias & Hate Incidents (new section title)
 - six new standards (a,b,c, e, f, h)
 - recognize can be rooted in race, gender, sexual orientation, and ethnicity
 - policies centered in safety, belonging, and justice
 - accessible and effective reporting tools
 - prevention and response

SECTION A - CONTINUED

- A.12 Child Abuse is it's own section now
- A.15- Technical and Digital Citizenship
 - three new standards (g, h, i)
 - moved advocate for equitable access to technology for all students to the top
 - challenges with confidentiality, the importance of boundaries, safeguarding sensitive information, advocate against alert tools that require 24 hr monitoring
- A.16 Virtual/Distance School Counseling
 - one new standard to address the challenge of assisting students considering suicide in a virtual setting

SECTION B - RESPONSIBILITIES TO PARENTS/GUARDIANS, SCHOOL AND SELF

- B.1. Responsibilities to Parents/Guardians
 - Language updated inclusive and culturally responsive
 - two new standards added (e, f): PPRA and parent contributions

- B.2. Responsibilities to the School and B.3 Responsibilities to Self
 - Language updated

SECTION C - SCHOOL COUNSELOR DIRECTORS/ADMINISTRATORS/SUPERVISORS

- Updated language
 - b using an allocation procedure that is nondiscriminatory, equitable, informed by comprehensive data, and consistently applied
 - e related to the school counseling profession or equitable outcomes for students
- New
 - g using and/or advocating for a performance appraisal instrument that aligns with the ASCA School Counselor Professional Standards & Competencies that assesses school counselors' knowledge, skills, and attitudes.
 - h understanding the ASCA Ethical Standards for School Counselors, the ASCA National Model, and the ASCA School Counselor Professional Standards & Competencies
 - i Providing staff with opportunities and support to develop knowledge and understanding of historic and systemic oppression, social justice and cultural models (e.g., multicultural counseling, anti-racism, culturally sustaining practices) to further develop skills for systemic change and equitable outcomes for all students.
 - j collaborating and consulting with school counseling graduate programs to support appropriate site placement for supervisees and ensure high-quality training that is essential for school counselor preparation.

SECTION D - SCHOOL COUNSELING PRACTICUM/INTERNSHIP SITE SUPERVISORS

- Updated language
 - "practicum/internship site supervisors"
 - d Engage in culturally affirming supervision, maintain cultural competence and consider cultural and historic factors and power dynamics that may have an impact on the supervisory relationship.
 - i added "use data when available"
 - **l** Help supervisees select appropriate professional development based on identified needs
 - m (was n) added "consult with school administrators"
- New standard
 - n Recognize and acknowledge the specific roles of school counselor educators, site supervisors and the practicum/ internship student. Supervisors ensure that supervisees are able to participate in a variety of academic, college/career and social/emotional activities through individual, group and classroom interventions.

MAINTENANCE OF STANDARDS

- Minor tweaks to language
 - i.e., rather than "when doubt exists," the wording is "in the absence of a settled opinion or conviction..."
- More explicit information on who to contact at the state association level
 - ethics committee or leadership

ETHICAL DECISION MAKING

- Updated this section included language and reference to several models
- b (new step) identify potential cultural, religious, and worldview factors and power dynamics that are present within a potential ethical dilemma.
- **d** (moved up & expanded) consult with appropriate professionals (e.g., supervisors, other student service professionals, school counseling peers, cultural experts).
- **g** highlights and defines the ethical principles of: beneficence, autonomy, nonmaleficence, justice, fidelity (previously loyalty), & veracity (added)
- j (expanded) Implement the course of action and analyze the outcome.
- **k** (new) Identify any inconsistencies in school/district policy for potential revision

GLOSSARY

New definitions added:

- Anti-Racist
- Bias Incident
- Bullying
 Culturally Sustaining School Counseling
 Custodial and Noncustodial
- Equity
- Guardian Ad Litem
- OppressionRacial Bias
- Racism
- Stakeholder updated language
 Systemic Change
 Universal Screener



Session Takeaways

- Do a thorough read through of the updated 2022 standards
- Share the new standards with other school counseling colleagues
- Educate administrators and other stakeholders on the updated standards

Q and A

